

International Conference of Economics, Finance and Accounting Studies

International Conference of Economics, Finance and Accounting Studies is a double-blind peer-reviewed, open-access journal published to reach excellence on the scope. It considers scholarly, research-based articles on all aspects of economics, finance and accounting. As an international congress aimed at facilitating the global exchange of education theory, contributions from different educational systems and cultures are encouraged. It aims to provide a forum for all researchers, educators, educators, educational policy-makers and planners to exchange invaluable ideas and resources.

The Role of Statistical Analysis in Ecological Research

Arzikulov Otabek

Associate Professor of the "Economics and Management" Department of Jizzakh Polytechnic Institute

Yulyaxshiyeva Barno Mardonovna

Student of Jizzakh Polytechnic Institute, Faculty of Service, Group 531-23 BH-A

ABSTRACT

Environmental problems are one of the most pressing issues facing humanity today. Statistical analysis is important in identifying, monitoring and solving environmental problems such as global warming, atmospheric pollution, depletion of water resources, soil degradation. This study is dedicated to the study of statistical methods in the process of collecting, analyzing and drawing effective conclusions from environmental data.

The main goal of this work is to study what methods of statistical analysis are used in ecological research, and what solutions can be offered to improve the ecological situation with their help. In the study, the application of statistical analysis methods, in particular variance analysis, regression, clustering and forecasting models to environmental data, is detailed. At the same time, the possibilities of artificial intelligence technologies in the analysis of large environmental data (Big Data) are also considered.

Keywords: ecology, statistics, environmental studies, statistical analysis, atmospheric pollution, global warming, water resources, soil degradation, regression analysis, variance analysis, clustering, ecological models, Big Data, artificial intelligence, climate change, environmental risks, environmental monitoring, data visualization, forecasting, environmental policy.

In recent years, environmental problems have become an urgent issue all over the world. Problems such as air pollution, climate change, land degradation and loss of biological diversity have a negative impact on nature and human life. Ecological research is the main place in identifying and solving these problems. However, because ecological data are usually complex, large and variable, precise and systematic approaches to their analysis are required. Statistical analysis plays an important role in this process.

Statistics provide solid evidence based on the scientific basis for ecological research. Through the methods of statistical analysis, it is possible to collect, analyze and draw useful conclusions from a large amount of data. For example, statistical methods are used in the process of measuring the concentration of harmful substances in the atmosphere, assessing the quality of water and soil, or monitoring the dynamics of animal and plant populations. In addition, these methods are an

effective tool for forecasting climate changes and other environmental phenomena. In ecological research, statistical analysis is important for not only identifying the problem, but also for managing it and developing solutions. For example, it is possible to compare the environmental characteristics of geographical areas using the data clustering method, to determine the level of influence of certain factors on the problem using the analysis of variance, or to analyze the relationship between environmental phenomena using the regression analysis. Also, modern technologies, in particular Big Data and artificial intelligence technologies, are opening up new opportunities for ecological research. Rapid analysis of large amounts of data and visualization of obtained results help to better understand the causes and consequences of environmental research. Statistical methods and their application in the analysis of environmental data are studied, and their effectiveness and practical importance are shown through practical examples. The results of this research serve as an important scientific basis for identifying environmental problems and developing effective measures to solve them.

Environmental problems are of global importance, and statistical analysis is an important tool in identifying and solving them. Statistical methods are used in the analysis of issues such as atmospheric pollution, global warming, and depletion of water resources. Identifying problems through statistical analysis of ecological data, analyzing their causes and consequences, as well as proposing solutions. Key indicators of the subject:

Environmental problems are of global importance, and statistical analysis is an important tool in identifying and solving them. Statistical methods are used in the analysis of issues such as atmospheric pollution, global warming, depletion of water resources.

Below are sample formats for tables appropriate to the topic "The Role of Statistical Analysis in Ecological Research." You can use these tables in the practical part of the topic or in data analysis.

Name of the area	Air SO2(ppm)	Air NO2(ppm)	Air CO2(%)	Average temperature
Area A	0.015	0.030	0.040	18.5
Area B	0.020	0.025	0.050	22.0
Area C	0.010	0.040	0.045	20.3

Table of data on atmospheric pollution

The role of statistical analysis in ecological research is very important. Statistical methods are widely used in collecting, analyzing and drawing conclusions from ecological data. For example, statistical analysis methods are used to study air pollution, water quality, and animal population dynamics. Such analyzes are important in identifying environmental problems and solving them. Statistical analysis methods, such as regression analysis, variance analysis, and clustering, are widely used in environmental data analysis. With the help of these methods, it is possible to determine the connections between environmental phenomena, to assess the ecological differences in different regions, and to forecast environmental risks.

Also, modern technologies, in particular, Big Data and artificial intelligence technologies, are opening up new opportunities in ecological research. Rapid analysis of large amounts of data and visualization of the obtained results help to better understand the causes and consequences of environmental events. The conclusion is that the importance and methods of statistical analysis in ecological research were widely considered in this article. Statistical analysis is an important tool for collecting, analyzing and drawing effective conclusions from environmental data. Regression analysis, dispersion analysis, and clustering methods are effectively used to determine issues such as air pollution, water resource quality, soil degradation, animal and plant population dynamics. Statistical analysis tools provide reliable results in timely monitoring of environmental events and determining the factors affecting them.

The introduction of Big Data and artificial intelligence technologies increases the efficiency of environmental data analysis. Statistically based decision-making is important in the formulation of environmental policy.

Improving the ecological data collection system: It is necessary to expand regional ecological observations and strengthen control over the quality of data.

Implementation of modern technologies: By expanding the use of Big Data and artificial intelligence, ecological research can be further developed.

Ensuring the openness of statistical data: By making the results of ecological research available to the public, it is necessary to increase the possibility of their effective use. Creating environmental risk forecasting models: These models help in preventing environmental disasters.

Training of qualified personnel for research: It is necessary to expand the training programs of special specialists in ecology and statistics.

Development of local and international cooperation: best practices can be learned and applied by strengthening cooperation with international organizations.

List of used literature

- 1. Arzikulov O. ECONOMIC-STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF THE REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL ENTERPRISES AND MICRO-FIRMS IN THE CONDITIONS OF ACCELERATED ECONOMY //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. 2022. T. 1. №. 11. C. 92-105.
- 2. Arzikulov O. A. Artificial intelligence to increase the efficiency of small businesses //ISJ Theoretical & Applied Science, 08 (100). 2021. C. 412-415.
- 3. Arzikulov O. A. THE ROLE OF SMALL BUSINESS IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES //Экономика и социум. 2019. №. 12. С. 30-33.
- 4. Kendall, M. G. & Stuart, A. (1977). The Advanced Theory of Statistics. Charles Griffin & Co. Ltd.
- 5. Berndtsson, R. & Hyun, K. S. (2019). Applications of Statistics in Environmental Monitoring. Springer Nature.
- 6. Chuvieco, E. (2016). Fundamentals of Satellite Remote Sensing: An Environmental Approach. Taylor & Francis Group.
- 7. IPCC Report. (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Cambridge University Press.
- 8. UzHydromet. (2024). Oʻzbekiston Respublikasida ekologik monitoring boʻyicha yillik hisobot. Toshkent: UzHydromet.
- 9. Crawley, M. J. (2012). The R Book. John Wiley & Sons.
- 10. UNEP. (2020). Global Environmental Outlook 6. United Nations Environment Programme.
- 11. Miller, I. & Freund, J. E. (2005). Probability and Statistics for Engineers. Pearson Education.
- 12. National Research Council. (2010). Advancing the Science of Climate Change. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.