

Hyper-Hyponymic Paradigm of “Clothing” in English

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Abstract:

This scientific article devoted to the study of the hyponim-hyperonimic paradigm of “clothing” in English. Meaning of hyponym in English - a word whose meaning is included in the meaning of another word. Hyperonim - a word whose meaning includes a group of other words. Paradigm (Greek — “sample, template”) — is a set of scientific achievements. The paradigm was recognized by the scientific community in one period or another, and a new scientific study. Clothing - things you wear to cover your body; clothes.

Keywords: hyponym, hyperonim, paradigm, clothing, clothing designed, suitable, men, women, look.

Hyperonym - «clothing»: a-line skirt (a skirt that fits the hips and flares to the bottom), baby doll (a baby doll - a loose-fitting dress with a high waist and usually with or without short sleeves), bell-shaped skirt (a bell skirt (tulip skirt) - the skirt fits around the waist and expands sharply towards the bottom line), broomstick skirt (broom skirt - a skirt up to the length of the ankle with a large number of folds), bubble skirt (balloon skirt - a wide skirt, assembled on top and hem on braid or tape), Chanel Suit (two-piece suit - a suit made of tweed, with a narrow skirt, a collarless jacket covered with braid, golden buttons and patch pockets), circle skirt (flared sun skirt - a wide skirt that is sewn from a circle of fabric), cullote skirt (very wide pants that look like a skirt), full skirt (maxi skirt - a skirt up to heels long), maxiskirt (maxi skirt - a skirt up to heels long), jeggings (jeggings are a type of women's trousers that are the middle between stretch jeans and leggings), prairie skirt (Western skirt - a heavily flared skirt with one or more frills), push-up (push-up bra - women's underwear for breast volume), rah-rah skirt (pa-pa - short skirt with flounces), tiered skirt (multi-tiered skirt), treggings (treggings are a type of women's trousers that are a middle between trousers and leggings).

I. Usage conditions:

Lingerie: push-up.

II. Purpose:

Casual wear (повседневная одежда): a-line skirt, baby doll, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit, circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings.

According to the structure (по характеру опоры):

shoulder: baby doll, Chanel Suit (because the kit includes a jacket);

waist (belt): a-line skirt, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit (because the kit includes a skirt), circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings.

Season (by season):

summer (summer clothes): a-line skirt, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit, circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings;

winter (winter clothes); a-line skirt, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit, circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings;

for spring and autumn wear (demiseason); a-line skirt, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit, circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings;

year-round (всесезонная); a-line skirt, bell-shaped skirt, broomstick skirt, bubble skirt, Chanel Suit, circle skirt, cullote skirt, full skirt, maxiskirt, jeggings, prairie skirt, rah-rah skirt, tiered skirt, treggings.

Sportswear and active wear (for sports and recreation); jeggings, treggings.

According to the structure (by the nature of the support);

waist (belt); jeggings, treggings.

Season (by season);

summer (summer clothes); jeggings, treggings;

winter (winter clothes); jeggings, treggings;

for spring and autumn wear (demiseason); jeggings, treggings;

year-round (all-season); jeggings, treggings.

Hyperonym «Footwear» (shoes): ankle boots, crocs, uggs.

Woman's (woman's shoes); ankle boots, crocs, uggs.

Casual (everyday); ankle boots, uggs.

Season (by season);

winter (winter shoes); ankle boots, uggs;

for spring and autumn wear (demiseason): ankle boots.

Men's (men; мужская): crocs, uggs.

Casual (повседневная): uggs.

Season (по сезону):

winter (зимняя); uggs.

Sports and beach footwear (для отдыха и спорта): crocs, uggs.

Season (по сезону);

summer (летняя): crocs;

winter (зимняя): uggs.

The largest group in this lexico-semantic field is the “women’s clothing” group (158 lexical units). In our opinion, this suggests that the clothing of English women is varied and adapted for different purposes. It should be noted that in both the “women’s clothing” microfield and the “men’s clothing” micro field, the “casual wear” group contains more lexical units than the “sport and active wear” group, although it is also quite meaningful (women’s clothing - 42, men’s clothing - 25). From this we conclude that in English culture it is customary to dress depending on the event, but at the same time there is a tendency towards a looser, sporty style. The “women’s footwear” and “men’s footwear” groups contain the same number of lexical units, while the “casual footwear” group (23 lexical units) contains much more lexical units than the “sports and active footwear” group (7 lexical units).

This, in our opinion, indicates that in modern English society preference is given to beautiful, but, if possible, comfortable shoes. It is also noteworthy for us that the groups “Unisex clothing” and “Unisex footwear” are numerous (73 and 21 lexical units respectively). This suggests that in English linguistic culture, society adheres to the global trend towards erasing gender boundaries and the search for universal clothes and shoes.

We consider it important to identify a fairly large group of “Accessories” (48 lexical units). This indicates that in English society much attention is paid to accessories, especially hats (25 lexical units), which are still widely used at social and festive receptions, as well as at Sunday services in church.

Along with these lexical units, we separately consider 19 lexical units, which, despite their widespread use in everyday life, in the media and by professionals in the field of clothing and fashion, are not recorded in dictionary sources and are not included in the lexical composition of the English language.

Thus, the considered hyper-hyponymous paradigm has a hierarchically complex multi-stage structure: it consists of micro fields of different volumes, each of which is formed on the basis of integral elements, each member of which has differential elements. Consideration of the paradigmatic relations between nouns and clothing names in the English language shows that this lexical-semantic field includes micro fields between which there are no rigid boundaries, since many words taken in the same meanings are simultaneously members of several paradigms.

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