

ISSN: 2576-5973 Vol. 6, No. 3, 2023

Organizational and Economic Factors of the Regulation of Foreign Trade and Their Spheres of Influencetdiu

Salimov Aziz Farxod Uğli

Tashkent State University of Economics, Master's student of group 121 of the Samarkand branch

Abstract: This article will talk about the organizational and economic factors of the regulation of foreign trade and their spheres of influence, while the dynamics of external resonance in Uzbekistan today is developing at a high pace. The author, relying on economic data, studied and analyzed specific aspects on the application and economic importance of customs duties in the regulation of foreign trade on the basis of existing scientific literature.

Keywords: Customs, Customs, Saldo, dynamics of foreign trade, tariff and notary, import, export.

Introduction. Today, the dynamics of external sado is developing at a high pace. In our country, too, it is important to increase the amount of external savo and, on this basis, support exports, form the optimal form of budget-oriented import duties.

Increasing foreign trade quantitatively and qualitatively through integration is an important aspect of globalization today. In order not to cause a negative salute of Foreign Trade, states implement their own policy of protoxeionism. This policy of protectionism, if implemented through tariff and notarized methods, on this basis also fulfills the function of protecting the domestic market. Today, in the regulation of foreign trade in practice, mamlkatimniz import duties path is widely used in practice.

Today's amendments are aimed at diversifying the national economy, supporting the competitiveness of domestic producers, creating conditions for the organization of innovative development and export-oriented production, forming a favorable investment climate. This article is devoted to the study of the origins and stages of development of foreign trade theories, organizational and economic factors of the regulation of foreign trade, methods of regulating foreign trade and directions of its liberalization.

Main part. According to PF-5012, on April 13, 2017, the head of state Shavkat Mirziyoyev issued a number of instructions on "further improving the efficiency of foreign trade relations, liberalizing foreign trade, strengthening export potential and improving the system of production of competing domestic products to foreign markets, forming long-term stable partnerships in the field of trade between production enterprises and foreign partners". However, 2 years later this decree was completed.

On January 28, 2019, the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on measures to improve the management system in the field of investment and foreign trade" was amended and issued a number of replenishments on foreign trade and regulation of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC" under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm

Convright (c) 2023 Author (s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of

On the basis of the above decree, comprehensive measures for state regulation of foreign economic activity and trade, licensing of exports and imports, registration of export contracts and examination of import contracts, registration and accounting of other trade and economic contracts are carried out.

One of the distinctive features of world economy at the beginning of the 21st century is the development and improvement of international economic relations between countries to a higher level.

Each state in these conditions will be focused on the organization of its foreign economic activities, the processes of comprehensive development of its economy, integration into the world economy, comprehensively thought out.

The role of the state in the implementation of Foreign Trade (Export and import processes), one of the main forms of implementation of foreign economic activity, will be mainly aimed at developing, applying measures for the implementation of trade policy and regulation of foreign trade. In the trade policy of each country, economic, political, administrative, organizational legal and other issues are inextricably linked. Economic issues are the main ones, if they arise from the fundamental essence of trade policy.

States regulate their foreign economic activities with the help of existing means of trade policy in order to protect their domestic markets, to issue more goods to foreign markets.

State regulation of foreign trade is usually understood as an activity aimed at the development and regulation of economic ties with other countries. According to the degree of state intervention in foreign trade, trade policy can be classified into protectionist Saido policy as well as free Saido policy. The implementation of foreign economic policy provides for the development of methods and means that ensure the identification of strategic goals in foreign economic relations with groups of countries and countries of the state acquired separately, as well as the achievement of the set goals and the preservation of the achieved result.

Foreign economic policy is inextricably linked with the internal economic policy of the state. Therefore, its composition is expressed, on the one hand, by the nature of the socio-economic structure of the state, and on the other hand, by the issues of the development of production solved by the state on the scale of its own national economy. The formation of State Foreign Economic Policy occurs in World Economic Affairs and international economic relations:

Escalation of competitive struggle in the international market;

Violation of the moderation of Valuta courses;

The fact that the balance of payments is not in one norm;

Developing countries and some countries experiencing transition economies are affected by phenomena such as the size of their external debt.

ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC" under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm

212

The effect of the above-mentioned process, in modern foreign economic policy, creates a constant interaction of two processes: liberalization and protectionism (protection).

An important condition for the development of foreign economic activity is the possibility of increasing the level of profit on the basis of foreign trade operations. The expansion of external trade makes fixed and variable capital elements cheaper and thus helps to reduce production costs. Due to competition between manufacturers from different countries, the world price of goods on the world market can be brought to the level of their international value, which is lower than, but higher than, the national value in less developed countries with low social labor productivity. rather than the level of national value in developed countries.

An important factor in the development of foreign trade is the export of capital, on the basis of which, in terms of the volume of capital, transnational corporations, both national and international, often appear. There are also transnational corporations that are international in their activities and capital. The role of transnational corporations in international trade is enormous, as their turnover within the corporate accounts for one-third of international exports.

Foreign economic activity directly affects the country's economy, effectively regulating it creates the basis for the development of the national economy. Liberalization of foreign economic activity is a state policy aimed at providing state support for exporters, creating favorable conditions for the penetration of foreign capital, producing quality and competitive products so that Uzbekistan's export products compete equally with the products of the world market.

As a result of liberalization processes carried out in foreign economic activity in our country, the regulation of foreign economic activity is approaching the norms and requirements of international practice, quantitative restrictions are increasingly regulated on the basis of tariffs, the export of nationally competitive finished products to a free-exchange currency, as well as the sphere of production of foreign investments, especially, the system of benefits, which encourages involvement in sectors with large export potential, is constantly improving.

We know that Customs and payments in it play a key role in the implementation of foreign economic relations, and in this area a set of industry-appropriate codes is drawn up in different countries. In the table given below, the types of customs duties in our country in 2016-2022 are covered in the percentage share Section.

Types of	2016-year	2017-yi year l	2018- year	2019- year	2020- year	2021- year	2022- year
customs duties							
Import customs	25,8	22,5	22,3	27,8	21,1	24,8	23,4
duty							
Value Added	54,1	60,4	61,1	52,2	60,7	57,4	58,7
Tax							
Excise tax	17,2	14,5	13,2	16,4	15,3	14,1	15,3
Customs duties	2,9	2,6	3,4	3,6	2,9	3,7	2,6
and other fees							
Total	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0

ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC"
under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm

Copyright (c) 2023 Author (s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY).To view a copy of this license, visit https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

¹Prepared by the author. www.customs.uz.

Uzbekistan maintains trade relations with 182 countries of the world. A relatively significant contribution of foreign trade turnover was recorded in the Russian Federation (17.9 %), people's Republic of China (17.7 %), Kazakhstan (9.3 %), Turkey (8.1 %), Republic of Korea (4.5 %), Kyrgyz Republic (2.3 %) and Turkmenistan (2.1%).

Among the 20 major partner-states in terms of foreign economic activity, four states have an active foreign trade balance, in particular, Afghanistan, the Kyrgyz Republic and Tajikistan. The balance of passive foreign trade with the remaining 17 states remains.

The highest share in the structure of the Republic's foreign trade turnover is 16,431.6 million with a 39.1% share of the city of Tashkent. US dollars, and the lower share Surkhandarya region with a share of 1.1% - 443.1 million. US dollars.

In January-December 2022, a third or 37.7% of the foreign trade turnover of the Republic of Uzbekistan fell to the CIS countries, with an increase in the share in foreign trade turnover by 5.1% compared with the corresponding period of 2021.

Conclusions and suggestions. Each state, taking into account the processes of comprehensive development of its economy, integration into the world economy, uses various tools in the regulation of foreign economic activity and constantly improves their application. Regulation of foreign economic activity customs duties are the main place in the structure of state instruments. The composition of customs duties in our country includes import duty, excise and Value Added Tax, as well as customs duties. The amount of rates of duties and taxes directly affects the development of foreign trade in the country.

As a result of liberalization processes carried out in foreign economic activity in our country, the regulation of foreign economic activity is approaching the norms and requirements of international practice, quantitative restrictions are increasingly regulated on the basis of tariffs, the export of nationally competitive finished products to a free-exchange currency, as well as the sphere of production of foreign investments, especially, the system of benefits, which encourages involvement in sectors with large export potential, is constantly improving.

REFERENCES

- 1. O'zbekiston Respublikasi "Bojxona Kodeksi" T.: "Adolat", 2017 306 b.
- 2. O'zbekiston Respublikasi "Soliq Kodeksi" –T.: "Adolat", 2017–394b
- 3. Oʻzbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2017-yil 7-iyulda qabul qilingan "Mahalliy byudjetlarni shakllantirishda joylardagi davlat hokimiyati organlarining vakolatlarini kengaytirish chora-tadbirlari toʻgʻrisida"gi 5075-sonli Farmoni https://lex.uz/docs/-3232501
- 4. Mirziyoyev Sh.M. "Tanqidiy tahlil, qat'iy tartib-intizom va shahsiy javobgarlik har bir rahbar faoliyatining kundalik qoidasi boʻlishi kerak". –T.: "Oʻzbekiston", 2017. 56 b.
- 5. A.Alimov, M. Qurbanova. Tashqi iqtisodiy faoliyat asoslari. O'quv qo'llanma. –T.: 2016. –176 b.
- 6. Shodiyev R., E.Mahmudov, Jahon iqtisodiyoti –T.:"G'afur G'ulom" 2005. –165 b.
- 7. Vaxobov A.V. va boshqalar. Jahon iqtisodiyoti va xalqaro iqtisodiy munosabatlar. Darslik. –T.: 2016. –304b.
- 8. Malikov T.S., Haydarov N.H. Moliya: umumdavlat moliyasi. Oʻquv qoʻllanma. Toshkent: "Iqtisod-moliya", 2019. 408 b.

	ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC" under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm
214	
214	Copyright (c) 2023 Author (s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). To view a copy of this license,
	visit https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

- 9. Авдокушин Е.Ф. Международные экономические отношения. Учебник, -М.: 2004. -368 с.
- 10. Малюгина И.Н. Меры поддержки експорта в странах ЕС и Россйской Федерации. –М.: 2018. 158 с.
- 11. Mozer S.V. Digital Customs. WCO Experience // Monograph. –Moscow: Publishing. House of the Russian Customs Academy, 2019. –266p.
- 12. Shodieva, G. M. (2008). Problems of organizational and economic factors and service development in the improvement of family welfare (Doctoral dissertation, Dissertation for the degree of Doctor of Economics. Samarkand).
- 13. Shadieva, G. M., & oʻgʻli Isoqulov, Z. S. (2022). WAYS TO REDUCE POVERTY. Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal, 10(12), 957-962.
- 14. Mardievna, S. G., & Zhamshedovich, K. Z. (2023). THE ROLE OF FAMILY BUSINESS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SERVICE INDUSTRY. Thematics Journal of Commerce and Management, 7(1).
- 15. Shodiyeva, G., Tog'Ayeva, D. A., & Sultonov, B. A. (2022). KICHIK BIZNES VA XUSUSIY TADBIRKORLIKNI IQTISODIYOTDA TUTGAN O 'RNI. Academic research in educational sciences, 3(5), 610-613.
- 16. Shadiyeva, G. (2022). The Role of Family Business in the Development of the Service Industry. American Journal of Economics and Business Management, 5(9), 213-218.
- 17. Shadieva, G. M., & Akbarovna, K. S. (2023). THE CONCEPT OF" FAMILY ECONOMY", ITS DEVELOPMENT. Journal of new century innovations, 20(3), 32-41.
- 18. Boliboev A. A. et al. METHODS OF PLANNING PRODUCTION PROCESSES //GospodarkaiInnowacje. 2022. T. 24. C. 961-964.
- 19. Yazdonov Q. G., Ubaydullayev B. S., Mirzaeva S. N. THE PROBLEM OF ORGANIZING THE WORKPLACE AT THE ENTERPRISE //GospodarkaiInnowacje. 2022. T. 24. C. 982-985.
- 20. Djaborovna P. D. et al. Opportunities for Small Business and Private Entrepreneurship Development in Rural Areas //American Journal of Economics and Business Management. 2022. T. 5. №. 6. C. 141-145.
- 21. Uktamova D. B., Ubaydullayev B. S., Mirzaeva S. N. Factors of Improving the Organization of Labor at the Enterprise //Kresna Social Science and Humanities Research. 2022. T. 5. C. 88-91.
- 22. Nortojiev M. A., Ubaydullayev B. S., Mirzaeva S. N. On the Issue of Certification of Workplaces According to Working Conditions //Kresna Social Science and Humanities Research. 2022. T. 5. C. 94-96.
- 23. Hamitov S. I., Ubaydullayev B. S., Mirzaeva S. N. Organization of Staff Work at the Enterprise //Kresna Social Science and Humanities Research. 2022. T. 5. C. 97-100.
- 24. Nodirovna M. S., Faxriddinovich U. F., Dusmurotovich U. M. Ways and Prospects for Developing the System of Residential Services in Rural Areas, Increasing Employment //Academic Journal of Digital Economics and Stability. 2022. T. 17. C. 96-101.
- 25. Nodirovna M. S., Ugli S. T. T., Abduazizovich A. I. WAYS TO INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE POPULATION IN UZBEKISTAN //GospodarkaiInnowacje. 2022. T. 23. C. 29-37.

215	ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC" under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm
213	Copyright (c) 2023 Author (s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of
	Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY).To view a copy of this license,
	visit https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

- 26. Nodirovna M. S., Mamasoliyevna K. C., Ugli S. J. U. The composition of the income of service workers and ways of its improvement (on the example of educational institutions) //ACADEMICIA: An International Multidisciplinary Research Journal. − 2022. − T. 12. − №. 4. − C. 213-218.
- 27. Zugurova Z. D., Ubaydullayev B. S. and Mirzaeva S. N. (2022). EFFICIENT PLANNING OF PRODUCTION PROCESSES. International Conference on Research Identity, Value and Ethics, [online] pp.416–418.
- 28. Yakhyoyeva S. O., Ubaydullayev B. S., and Mirzaeva S. N. (2022). FEATURES OF THE DIVISION AND COOPERATION OF LABOR AT THE ENTERPRISE. International Conference on Research Identity, Value and Ethics, [online] pp.413–415.
- 29. Mamayunusovich, P. O., & Nodirovna, M. S. (2022). Management of the Mechanism of Storage and Sale of Products in the Republic of Uzbekistan. EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF BUSINESS STARTUPS AND OPEN SOCIETY, 2(5), 67–71.
- 30. Saidakhmedovich, S. T. ., Nodirovna, M. S. ., &Khaydarjanovna, S. D. . (2022). Ways to Improve the Performance of Service Enterprises in Rural Areas. Middle European Scientific Bulletin, 24, 21-24.
- 31. M.S.Nodirovna, Shaptakov and Mamasoliyevna, K.C. (2022). Improving the Economic Impact of Increasing Foreign Investment in Uzbekistan in the Digital Economic Environment. AcademicJournalofDigitalEconomicsandStability, [online] 16, pp.160–165
- 32. M.S. Nodirovna, Ta'nakulovich, T.K. and Baxtiyorovich, S.J. (2022). WAYS TO IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY OF MEDICAL SERVICES IN THE CONDITIONS OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY. GospodarkaiInnowacje., [online] 22, pp.182–186.
- 33. МирзаеваШиринНодировна (2022). ЎЗБЕКИСТОНШАРОИТИДААХОЛИНИИШБИЛАНТАЪМИНЛАШСОХАСИДАДАВЛАТХИ ЗМАТЛАРИСАМАРАДОРЛИГИНИОШИРИШЙЎЛЛАРИ. БАРҚАРОРЛИКВАЕТАКЧИТАДҚИҚОТЛАРОНЛАЙНИЛМИЙЖУРНАЛИ, [online] 2(4), pp.428–438.
- 34. M.S.Nodirovna, S.T.TUgli, and A.I. Abduazizovich, (2022). WAYS TO INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE POPULATION IN UZBEKISTAN. Gospodarka i Innowacje., [online] 23, pp.29–37.
- 35. Nodirovna, M.S., Bakhtiyorovich, S.J. and Ta'nakulovich, T.K. (2022). Prospects for the Development of Small Business and Entrepreneurship in the Digital Economy. American Journal of Economics and Business Management, [online] 5(3), pp.248–252.
- 36. Mirzaeva, S. Nodirovna (2022). Ways to Increase Investment Potential in Samarkand Region. International Journal of Multicultural and Multireligious Understanding, 9(2), p.471. doi:10.18415/ijmmu.v9i2.3542.
- 37. Mardonov B., Erdonov M. SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SCIENCE //СТУДЕНЧЕСКИЙ ВЕСТНИК. 2019. Т. 19. №. 69 часть 6. С. 87.
- 38. Mardonov B., Erdonov M. IMPORTANCE OF IMPROVING THE LIVING STANDARDS OF THE POPULATION IN THE SERVICE SECTOR //Студенческий вестник. 2019. №. 19-6. С. 87-89.

216	ISSN 2576-5973 (online), Published by "Global Research Network LLC" under Volume: 6 Issue: 3 in Mar-2023 https://globalresearchnetwork.us/index.php/ajebm
210	Copyright (c) 2023 Author (s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of
	Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY).To view a copy of this license,
	visit https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

- 39. Эрдонов М. Э. КАМБАҒАЛЛИК ТУШУНЧАСИНИНГ МОХИЯТИ, РЕСПУБЛИКАМИЗДА ҚАМБАҒАЛЛИК ДАРАЖАСИНИ ПАСАЙТИРИШНИНГ АСОСИЙ ЙЎНАЛИШЛАРИ //Журнал Инновации в Экономике. 2021. Т. 4. №. 10.
- 40. Sidorov V. A. et al. INNOVATSIYA IQTISODIYOTI: TEXNOLOGIK YUTUQ MUAMMOSI //BARQARORLIK VA YETAKCHI TADQIQOTLAR ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI. 2023. T. 3. N_{\odot} . 2. C. 8-15.
- 41. Saidakhmedovich S. T., Bekhruz U. PROBLEMS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS IN THE REAL SECTOR //Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal. − 2022. T. 10. №. 10. C. 624-628.
- 42. Шарипов Т. С. Важность организации ресторанных услуг в управлении гостиничным бизнесом //Молодой ученый. 2020.
- 43. Sharipov T. Овқатланиш хизматлари бозорида рақобатбардошлик масалалари //Iqtisodiyot va innovatsion texnologiyalar. 2017. №. 1. С. 136-142.
- 44. Nodirovna M. S. ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF CENTRALIZED SERVICE AGENCIES IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN //Finland International Scientific Journal of Education, Social Science & Humanities. − 2023. − T. 11. − №. 1. − C. 631-637.
- 45. Nodirovna M. S., Ugli S. T. T., Abduazizovich A. I. WAYS TO INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE POPULATION IN UZBEKISTAN //Gospodarka i Innowacje. 2022. T. 23. C. 29-37.
- 46. Artikov Z. S. In Competitions Conducted by Belt Wrestling Use of Fast Technical Methods Efficiency //American Journal of Social and Humanitarian Research. − 2022. − T. 3. − №. 11. − C. 253-255.
- 47. Saifiddinovich A. Z., Shokhrukhovich U. F. Social Protection of the Unemployed and their Labor Increasing Competitiveness in the Market //American Journal of Social and Humanitarian Research. − 2022. − T. 3. − № 3. − C. 61-63.
- 48. Артиков 3. С. ЯНГИ ЎЗБЕКИСТОНДА РАҚАМЛИ ИҚТИСОДИЁТНИНГ НАЗАРИЙ АСОСЛАРИ //Экономика и финансы (Узбекистан). 2022. №. 4 (152). С. 59-65.
- 49. Uralovich A. N., Abdulloevich N. D., Sayfiddinovich A. Z. An Analysis of the Demographic Data of Population of the Republic of Uzbekistan //American journal of social and humanitarian research. − 2021. − T. 2. − № 10. − C. 15-22.
- 50. Nodirovna, M. S. ., Feruz, E. ., Rustambek, K. ., & Khudoyor, A. . (2023). Ways of Attracting Investments in Service Enterprises of the Republic of Uzbekistan. INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF BUSINESS DIPLOMACY AND ECONOMY, 2(3), 81–87. Retrieved from http://interpublishing.com/index.php/ijbde/article/view/1269